

## RESURRECTED.

## A Supposed Corpse Living in a Michigan Asylum.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 19.—The Commercial Telegram this morning publishes a singular story which in substance is, that thirteen years ago, Thomas Hubbel, a farmer residing in Monclova township, in this county, was supposed to have died and was buried. A few years ago his friends received a letter signed in the dead man's name saying that he was alive and would soon visit them. Recently a second letter of the same character was received. This caused an examination of the grave to be made and the casket was found to be empty. The explanation of the mystery is that the grave was robbed and the body sent to a medical college in Michigan; that it was discovered that the man was not dead, but his mind being affected by a disease, he could give no information concerning his friends and was placed in an asylum where he subsequently recovered. A brother of the resurrected party has gone to Michigan to investigate the matter. The widow of Hubbel married again seven years ago. The case has excited great interest in the locality of his former home.

## WASHINGTON.

## A SEVERE CYCLONE AND FLOOD.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—A severe cyclone is now central in the west gulf. The signal service observer at Indianola reports at 11:20 p. m. yesterday: "There is no abatement of the storm and the same conditions of weather as at last report, except the water is rising and covering the flats in the rear of the tower. At the same rate that it has risen the water will be fully in the main street of the city to-morrow morning."

## GUARDING AGAINST SMALL POX.

In order that no precaution shall be neglected to guard against the introduction of small pox into the United States from Canadian ports, the government department has issued special instructions to the commanding officers of revenue cutters to speak all vessels from infected ports, and prevent the landing in the United States of all that do not show clean reports of health.

## FINISHED THEIR WORK.

The board of naval officers appointed to confer with the secretary of the navy regarding the new naval vessels to be constructed, finished its labors yesterday and adjourned. The report will probably be submitted to the secretary next week.

## PRESIDENTIAL POSTMASTER.

The president-to-day appointed the following named presidential postmasters: Thos. Hardeman at Macon, Ga., vice Wm. H. Brown, resigned; Charles B. Draper at Oconomowoc; B. M. Meek at Eureka, Ill., vice F. B. Jeanheart, resigned. Mr. Hardeman, who was appointed at Macon, was a member of the last house of representatives.

## A REVOLUTION SQUASHED.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—United States Minister Hall telegraphs to the state department from Guatemala announcing a revolution there, and stating that a state of siege has been declared. Prominent military officials have been arrested and two ex-ministers will be banished. It is thought the insurrectionary movement has been frustrated.

## SEEBERGER APPOINTED.

The president has appointed Anthony F. Seeburger to be collector of customs at Chicago. The appointment was made on the 15th inst., but the public announcement of it was withheld until to-day. Mr. Seeburger is a prominent merchant of Chicago, where he has been engaged in an extensive hardware business for many years, is a man of wealth and high social standing, and while always recognized as a conservative, has never been prominent in political affairs.

## THE ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS GRADE RAISED.

The last census returns having shown that the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis possess a population in excess of 75,000, those cities have been raised to the first grade in the free delivery service.

## WARNER'S COMPROMISE SILVER BILL.

Representative Warner has completed the draft of the compromise silver bill that he intends to present to congress when he assembles. He says he does not care to make public the provisions of the bill until he has submitted it to the persons of various shades of opinion upon the silver question and secured the benefit of their suggestions. The *Star* asserts that Mr. Warner intends to make war upon the civil service commission, and that he expects to be able to bring about its reorganization. He is credited with saying that the present commissioners are taking to themselves all the power of the executive by enveloping themselves in a cloak of secrecy, make it possible for them to manipulate appointments to suit themselves without the least danger of their methods becoming known. "The commissioners," he says, "must go and men be put in their places who will treat democrats with firmness and put the proper construction upon the law." "There is nothing in the law," he says, "to preclude a head of a department from demanding a list of all the candidates who have passed a satisfactory examination and selecting from the whole number those he wants."

## In a Critical Condition.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 19.—Ex-First Assistant Postmaster-General Hay is lying at his home in a prostrated condition. He arrived from Cresson Springs last night on a special train and was carried from the car to his home on a stretcher. His friends say he is not seriously ill but several persons who saw him say his condition is critical.

## Getting Prepared.

Phillippopolis, Sept. 19.—Insurgents in Eastern Roumelia, acting under orders of the provisional government, have occupied all the strategic points on the Turkish frontier, blown up all bridges which would likely be used by a force advancing from Turkey to the relief of the deposed government, and destroyed the telegraph lines leading into Turkey.

## CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

## Mysteriously Robbed.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 19.—Thos. Mann, a prosperous farmer of Hiawatha, Kas., who came to this city to-day on business, was robbed of \$1,450 at the Union depot this evening. He had just bought a ticket and placed his pocketbook in his coat pocket. A few minutes later he discovered that it had been stolen.

## Forging Kitz's Signature.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 19.—There is no longer any doubt but that there is a large amount of paper in circulation bearing the signature of Trustee Kitz, of this city, and the reports to-night show that the aggregate is not less than \$65,000. This evening Mr. Kitz made an affidavit for publication declaring that \$5,000 of these warrants held by the North Vernon bank were forgeries.

## A Ranchman Killed.

Emporia, Kan., Sept. 19.—A special from Arkansas City, Kan., says: "J. W. Hanley was shot and killed at his ranch on Duck creek, in Cowley county, last night, by Ollie Sales, and his body was brought to-day and a coroner's jury impaneled. Sales came in to-day, surrendered himself, and was lodged in jail. He claims that he shot Hanley in self-defense."

## A Druggist's Fatal Blunder.

Fayetteville, Ark., Sept. 19.—News has been received here of a fatal affair that occurred at Dutch Mills, in the western portion of this county, yesterday. A widow lady applied to a druggist named Evans for quinine for two of her children, aged 8 and 10 years, who were chilling. He made a mistake, and gave morphine instead of quinine. She gave the morphine before the mistake was discovered, from the effects of which the children soon died. Evans is suffering great mental prostration from the effects of the fatal blunder.

## Killed His Fourth Man.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 19.—Benj. Perez, a prominent young man of Leon, Mexico, was riding on the streets of that city yesterday, when a peon driving a burro loaded with wood frightened his horse. This enraged Perez to such an extent that he drew his pistol and shot the peon through the head, killing him instantly. Perez was promptly arrested and is now in jail. This is the fourth victim of this young man's pistol, and the citizens are so incensed over this dastardly murder that he will doubtless be made to suffer its effects.

## Killed by His Schoolmates.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 19.—A young son of Edward Turnbach died here to-day from the effect of a hanging received last Wednesday at the hands of several of his schoolmates. The scholars of a public school to which young Turnbach had just been admitted, made a practice of initiating the new scholars by making them run the gauntlet through two lines of ten to twenty boys on each side, they punching the victim with their fists as he passes through. They injured the little fellow so badly in the region of the kidneys that he died in great agony to-day. No action has been taken in the matter.

## Sugar With Poison In It.

Champaign, Ill., Sept. 19.—This community was thrown into considerable excitement this morning by the announcement that the family of C. J. Sabin, a well known business man of this city, were all poisoned last night—Mr. Sabin, one son and a servant girl being very sick. Dr. H. C. Howard, the attending physician, believes the poisoning was caused by the sugar purchased yesterday and eaten of by every member of the family. He attributes it to the tin used in refining. The further sale of it has been stopped, awaiting the result of a chemical examination by Prof. McMurtre, of the University of Illinois.

## A Dangerous Man.

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 19.—John McLaughlin, who was arrested a few days since by the United States authorities in the Indian Territory on the charge of having shot and killed two men named Corbett and Martin several years ago in the territory, was brought here from the Sherman jail to-day for safe keeping, and will have a preliminary examination here within the next few days. Jim Wasson, his alleged confederate in the killing has been tried at Fort Smith and sentenced to be shot for the crime. McLaughlin is a desperate man, and the officers fear that he will make a break that will force them to kill him.

## Took His Own Life.

Hollister, Cal., Sept. 19.—Dr. A. W. Powers, an old and respected citizen of this section was found hanging to a tree dead on the Bear Valley road yesterday. For some time he has had much trouble with his neighbors, they accusing him of poisoning their stock which had trespassed on his grounds. Last week an incendiary fire destroyed considerable property belonging to John T. Prewitt, one of Powers' neighbors, and the latter was suspected of the act. It is stated that on Sunday last some residents held a secret meeting and determined on his death. The sheriff and coroner have gone to the scene of the hanging. The entire community is intensely excited over the affair. Dr. Powers is a native of Vermont, a widower 70 years of age, and said to have a brother in Chicago. He is a millionaire.

## A Heavy Suit.

St. Louis, Sept. 19.—The Missouri Pacific Railroad company and the Washburn receivers, as lessees of the St. Louis bridge and tunnel, entered suit this afternoon against the United States Express company claiming \$190,000 in respect of charges for the express service through the tunnel, from the date of the opening of the railroad traffic in 1875. The lessees allege that the express company failed to render complete accounts for such service.

## Indications.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20, 1 a. m.—Missouri valley: Fair weather, variable winds; stationary temperature in southern portion; lower temperature in northern portion.

## THE CHINESE HORROR.

## The Bodies and Bones Shipped to China.

San Francisco, Sept. 19.—The bodies of the dead Chinese who were discovered a few days ago in a cellar on Pacific street while undergoing the process of the preparation for the shipment of their bones to China, were removed to-day from the morgue by the Chinese vice consul and transferred to the steamer City of Peking which sailed this afternoon for Hong Kong. Vice Consul Oiyang, at the coroner's request, inspected some remains and expressed surprise at the condition in which they were found. He then signed the following documents which were left on file at the morgue:

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19, 1885.

Received from Dr. C. C. O'Connell, coroner, the bodies and bones of deceased Chinamen in his possession at the morgue, which bodies and bones were not interred, and also these bones which were not hermetically sealed according to law.

[Signed.] K. OIYANG

San Francisco, Sept. 19, 1885.  
It is hereby agreed upon on return of the bodies and bones now in possession of the coroner, in the public morgue, to the vice consul of the Chinese government, that law will, in the future, be strictly complied with; and furthermore, that no blame is attached to the act of the coroner in the premises. I have heard that the law was violated by Chinese in this matter and should the law be again violated to give up the perpetrator or perpetrators of the deed. I am satisfied that the bodies and bones of the Chinese in the morgue were not interred.  
[Signed.] K. OIYANG,  
Vice-Consul, No. 907 Clark street, San Francisco, Cal.

## A DISASTROUS FIRE.

## Several New York Corporations Lose Heavily.

New York, Sept. 19.—The new and costly covered pier of the royal Netherlands Mail Steamship company at the foot of York street, Jersey City, was partially destroyed by fire this morning, involving a loss estimated to be sixty thousand dollars. The entire fire department of Jersey City responded to the alarm. Also a dozen or fifteen powerful tugs. These and the city fire department quickly subdued the fire.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Reports one hundred and twelve wires destroyed by the fire while the Pennsylvania Railroad company have lost fifty-four, and the New York and Jersey Telephone company had fifty-four wires destroyed. The cable opposite the pier is also broken.

## Kansas City Fair.

Kansas City, Sept. 19.—This is the last day of the inter-state fair. The weather is pleasant. The attendance is estimated at 10,000. A summary of the races is as follows:

Pacing race, 2:40; class for \$300.  
Belle Davis..... 1 4 4 1 2 1  
Express..... 3 2 1 3 1 3  
Cyclone..... 2 1 2 2 2 2  
Mac P..... 4 3 3 4 4 distanced.  
St. Cloud distanced; Lillian S. distanced.  
Time 2:27, 2:32, 2:34, 2:37, 2:32, 2:38.  
Trotting race, 2:40 class, for \$500.  
Alma..... 3 3 1 1 1  
Maud Cook..... 1 1 4 3 3  
Charlie M..... 2 2 6 2 5  
Henry O..... 6 4 3 5 2  
John L..... 5 5 2 6 6  
Black Dot..... 4 6 5 4 4  
Time 2:31, 2:31, 2:32, 2:36, 2:35.

Running race, all ages, mile heats, purse \$300.

Top Sawyer..... 1 1  
Gold Dollar..... 3 2  
Hyderabad..... 2 3  
Time 1:46, 1:52.  
Burro race, half mile, between Don Sebastian, driven by Mr. J. K. Cravens and Great Unknown, driven by Col. Kersey Coates, was won by the former in 4:09.  
Three races went over. They will probably be run next week.

## RESULT OF THE WEEK.

The inter-state fair which closed to-day has been a marked success in point of displays and attendance and the weather has been uniformly favorable. The treasurer's financial statement will be published next week.

## Important to Shippers.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 19.—About a year ago Jno. B. Shelton, a country shipper, began suit in the United States circuit court against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway company to recover damages for the alleged charging of extortionate freight rates. He claimed the rates were in excess of the maximum rates as fixed by the railroad commissioner. The company filed pleas setting out that it was organized by a consolidation of five or six other railroads, all of which save one had a right by their charters, to fix the amount of charges for carrying freight and passengers. Demurrers were filed to the pleas and argued some months ago before Judge Gresham. The court decided yesterday that a consolidated company took its character from the character of the constituent companies and that one of these companies was subject to legislative control, and that the consolidation was voluntary on the part of the several companies. As the case stood, Judge Gresham held it was just as the defendants had been organized by a consolidation of but two companies, one independent of legislative control and the other subject to such control, and that in all cases in which doubts arose as to the powers of the corporation those doubts should be resolved in favor of the public. The case will be carried to the supreme court. Under Judge Gresham's decision the company will be compelled to conform to the rates filed by the railroad commissioners.

## An Aged Artist Dead.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 10.—Samuel B. Waugh, of Philadelphia, died here to-day. He was one of the eminent artists of America and probably the oldest. He was born in Pennsylvania in 1810.

## SPORTING.

## Base Ball.

DETROIT.  
Detroit..... 5 | New York..... 6  
BALTIMORE.  
Baltimore..... 3 | Cincinnati..... 6  
ST. LOUIS.  
St. Louis..... 7 | Providence..... 0  
PHILADELPHIA.  
Athletics..... 10 | St. Louis..... 11  
CHICAGO.  
Boston..... 3 | Chicago..... 10  
NEW YORK.  
Metropolitans..... 9 | Louisville..... 5  
NEW YORK.  
Pittsburg..... 8 | Brooklyn..... 4  
BUFFALO.  
Philadelphia..... 12 | Buffalo..... 2  
The latter club played with an impromptu nine.

## Lexington Races.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 19.—The weather was clear and pleasant and the track and attendance very good.

First race, purse of \$250. Three quarters of a mile. Starters: Andella, May Lady, Trinka, Hazel Kirk, Mary Ann and Winona. Winona won by a length; May Lady, second; Trinka, third. Time, 1:17.

Purse of \$250, one and a quarter mile. Starters: Anna Woodcock, Athone and Walter. Anna Woodcock won easily by a length; Athone, second; Walter a bad third. Time, 2:09.

Third race, purse \$300, one mile heats. Banker third district.  
Lead 2, 2.

Vallisa 1, 1. Time 1:46, 1:50.  
Fourth race, purse of \$200, three-fourths of a mile. Lord Clifden, Spartand, Trollope, Blue bonnet, Susie P. and Lillie C. Lord Clifden won by nearly two lengths; Lillie C. second; Spartand a poor third. Blue Bonnet threw his rider. Time 1:18.

## Sheepshead Bay Races.

New York, Sept. 19.—At Sheepshead bay to-day there was an immense attendance. The weather was fine and the track very fast.

The interest of the day centered in the contest for the great Long Island stakes, between Miss Woodford and Bennette, as the third horse, Caramel, was scratched for the first heat.

In the first heat Bennette ran away from both the others until the last furlong, when the free use of the whip and spur brought Miss Woodford up so that as Bennette's jockey ceased, to ride in straight, Miss W won by a neck.

The second heat was mainly a repetition of the first.

First race, won winners handicap, one and three-eighths miles, Tom Martin won; Heel and Toe second; East Lynne third. Time, 2:24, 3:14.

The Speedwell stakes, three year old and upwards, seven-eighths of a mile; Sam Brown won; Decoy Duck second; Parole third. Time 1:29.

Great Island stakes, sweepstakes all ages, \$250 each, \$2,500 added, \$2,000 to the first and \$500 to the second; two mile heats.  
First heat—In the stretch the race was too hot for Caramel, who took a back place, and Miss Woodford commenced to come up and decrease the four lengths which Bennette led by. As they went down the bend McLaughlin commenced to whip the mare and use all his art on Miss W, and with such success that entering the straight, Bennette only led by a length.

Kelly was sitting quite easy on the filly's back, while McLaughlin was riding the mare for all she was worth. About ten strides from the first finish they were even, and the mare won the first heat by a neck; Bennette being about thirty lengths ahead of Caramel. Time 3:55.

Second heat, Caramel was withdrawn. Bennette got a length of a start and maintained it along the whole stretch in the bend at the stables. McLaughlin did not think it wise to let Bennette get too far ahead and so brought the mare up when they raced side by side. This was a splendid sight. Coming onto the bend the mare showed her splendid staying powers, and with a burst of speed which seemed marvelous, passed her opposing half sister and won by a length and a half. Time, 3:57.

Fourth race, adieu stakes, two year olds, three-fourth mile, Walter H. won; Bess second; Charity third. Time, 1:17.  
Handicap sweepstakes, one and one-fourth miles, fireball won; Rico second; Enigma third. Time, 2:10.

## The Chinese will Resume Work.

Rock Springs, W. T., Sept. 19.—In an interview last night, Col. Bee, the Chinese consul, stated the present investigation will continue for a week or ten days. It is certain the Chinese government will demand an indemnity from the United States, but he cannot yet even guess the amount. So far all the testimony had shown the Chinese had returned here of their own free will after receiving official assurance from the president that they would be protected if it took the whole army. Though the miners are quiet and no trouble threatens apparently, the soldiers mount guard over the company's property at the mines every night. The Union Pacific is apparently firm in its determination to put Chinamen back in the mines. It is building some sixty cabins for them and, when completed, the heathen will commence work. The officials of the road here doubt that the Knights of Labor will interfere, but say they will maintain their position in spite of them, in case a strike should ensue.

## An Acquittal Expected.

Bismarck, Sept. 19.—The summing up in the Marquis DeMores case closed this morning. The court will instruct the jury at 2 o'clock and a verdict will probably be rendered this afternoon. An acquittal is expected.

## THE VERDICT.

The jury in the Demores murder trial retired at 2:30 p. m. and in five minutes returned a verdict of not guilty.

## GLADSTONE EXPRESSED.

## The Ex-Premier's Manifesto, the Leading Topic of the Day.

London, Sept. 19.—Mr. Gladstone's manifesto, the most delicate utterance he ever made, has proven the most successful pamphlet of his life. The document was secretly issued to his political colleagues as early as last Monday. Its first perceptible effect was the palpable reappearance between Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Lord Hartington and Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the three most powerful leaders, next to the ex-premier himself, in the liberal party. All three are ambitious men and had been pulling apart, and each was taking a large number of followers. The radicals were going with Chamberlain, the whigs with Hartington, and Harcourt was endeavoring to hold the moderates together. The liberal party was being rent to pieces and the manifesto to do the ripping and diverging. The used at once set to work to replace the stitches and with each effort came closer together.

To-day, a week only having elapsed, the liberal party of Great Britain at least is a solid unit. Mr. Chamberlain may be said to be the most rabid leader in the whole liberal party. Before Mr. Gladstone's utterance, Mr. Chamberlain's radical campaign tour included Glasgow, where, no doubt, it was entertained that he would report his pronounced independence. But the orator spoke in Glasgow after he had perused the manifesto and his speech displayed a practical abandonment of his independent radicalism, and the adoption of a policy of opportunism, and so it has been with Lord Hartington and Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt. They have also indicated a complete submission to Mr. Gladstone and have become opportunists. There are two explanations of these remarkable submissions. No one doubts if these two leaders had been permitted to persevere in the course they had mapped, the liberal party would have been dismembered. It was pretty generally thought that Mr. Gladstone was tired of public life, and had decided to remain out of it. He was implored to reconsider this determination and assume the management of the present campaign for his party's success in this campaign was essential. To continue the existence of the liberal party absolute unity was a requisite of success. Mr. Gladstone demanded submission as the price of his leadership. It is, of course, possible to suppose that Chamberlain, Hartington and Harcourt consented to drop their difference, out of the pure desire to accomplish the success of their party, and as a whole to obtain this result, to pay Mr. Gladstone's price. But no doubt can be entertained that each of these three men has been ambitious to succeed the "grand old man" in the party leadership. Circumstances have demonstrated that the party will at present accept no leader but him and without him restoration to power is impossible.

The supposition that Mr. Gladstone has consented to lead his party back to power and determined after its lodgement there to retire, would effect the most reasonable explanation of the consent of the submissive leaders, for in this case they would be playing for a stake worth while. In this latter event the leadership to attain would be that of a united party, additive with power, acting immensely different from fractional success. Many things go to show that the latter supposition is correct. An explanation of the turn of affairs have taken in one of the opening sentences of his manifesto. Mr. Gladstone uses the following significant statement: "It will not be possible for me to repeat in the new parliament the labors of previous sessions, as the is everywhere accepted as a distinct avowal." Mr. Gladstone says that he intends, if victorious in this campaign, to confine himself to the work of forming a ministry and after remaining in office long enough to assure the successful working of his re-established government machinery, to retire permanently to private life. It is everywhere apparent that the ex-premier's effort has secured a marvelous and instantaneous restoration of unity in the liberal party and placing it in fighting trim, and it is thoroughly revived. Its electoral agents in the country districts already report better prospects of the obliteration of dissensions and the consolidation upon single candidates. It is also rumored that the powers of the local caucuses are being revived and they are resuming the work of selecting the candidates and organizing the canvasses. The Tory press criticizes Gladstone's address as "ambiguous" and "bolting," one of the most inaccurate political documents ever issued to the public and a mere travesty on home and foreign affairs, etc. Even the liberal journals admit that the manifesto is "vague" and "diffuse." But that it has been extraordinarily effective has been overwhelmingly demonstrated and that result undoubtedly was what Gladstone aimed at. The way vague and as diffuseness which characterized the document has this merit, that they permit each section of the liberal party to interpret the whole production favorably, according to fractional inclination and disarm the conservatives of cogent criticism.

The extreme radical newspaper the *Dispatch*, commenting on the address says that it prefers at present the leadership of Gladstone to that of Mr. Chamberlain, "He may not be as radical as all wish," says the *Dispatch*, "but radicalism loses nothing by biding its time." The moderate spectator declares that the result of the manifesto will be to enable the liberal party to march forward like a wall. Perhaps the most remarkable proof of the power of the manifesto is that afforded by the congress which deal specially in the Egyptian Turkish and Russian securities. In these markets Egyptian stocks fell 14 points and Turkish and Russian securities fell 4 of a point, almost immediately after the publication of tenor of the document. The speculators, whose sales brought about these declines, explain that the situation created by the manifesto is one of a probable return of Gladstone to office which, they say, means a British

evacuation of Egypt, and an uncertain foreign policy on the part of England. This extraordinary taking of time by the forelock, would appear to establish the fact that Mr. Gladstone is the most powerful man out of power in the world. The British political campaign is developing much curious information. Liberal electioneering agents, who have returned from provincial tours of inquiry, report that they find a surprising amount of political intelligence and information among the newly franchised laborers in the Midland counties. These new voters, it is reported, generally appreciate their new political responsibilities, and have clear views respecting the political principles at issue between the two great parties, particularly those relating to the land question. They entertain no bitter feeling against the landlords, as such an electoral faction of growing importance is found in the spread of the Tory Primrose League. This organization is growing daily more powerful. Though a comprehensive organization, it is establishing lodges which are called "habitations" in even the remotest districts. These habitations are conducted on the principle of the American campaign clubs and are managed with a view to disseminate party literature and information, and to keep a live party spirit and pride. Everything possible is done to make a membership tempting and permanent ladies are induced to join the habitation and perform missionary work in their interest. All that money, social influence, political literature and talk can do to catch or coerce voters is unsparingly done by the Primrose League.

## GEN. WOLSELY BITTERLY DEMOUNCED.

The arrival in London of Gen. Roberts, present commander in chief of her majesty's forces in India, was made the signal for an outburst of discontent among the returned officers of the Suakin-Berber expedition against Gen. Lord Wolseley. Sir E. Hawley, under the non de plume of "Scrutator," has published in the *Times* a series of charges against the decorated commander of the Kharoum expedition. Among these is one that General Wolseley suppressed the names which General Graham recommended for promotion on account of actual services and substituted for them the names of a number of his personal and court favorites. "Scrutator" says that the reason Gen. Wolseley meantly ignored the services of the troops and officers engaged in the Suakin-Berber expedition, was that neither he, the Duke of Connaught nor any of the other military favorites of royalty had any share in that campaign. It is quite evident that the prevailing sentiment of army officers in London is bitter against Gen. Wolseley. Efforts are being made to have his conduct of the Nile campaign made the subject of a parliamentary discussion, with a view to securing a searching official enquiry into it.

## Overthrew Their Government.

London, Sept. 19.—The populace of Philippopolis, capital of Eastern Roumelia, almost to a man, rose in rebellion yesterday, seized the governor general, deposed the government, and proclaimed a union with Bulgaria. A provincial government was established. The revolt was so well planned that no disorder or bloodshed occurred, everybody being in sympathy with the movement except the government authorities. Foreigners in the city are perfectly safe from harm as is also the property of foreign residents. Immediately after the organization of the provincial government, the militia were sworn in, taking an oath of allegiance to the Prince Alexander of Bulgaria. It is generally believed in diplomatic circles that Prussia arranged the programme of the rising and suggested the union with Bulgaria. No definite statement can now be made as to what action the signatory powers to the treaty of Berlin will take respecting the matter.

Eastern Roumelia was created by congress in 1878, was given an autonomic government, though forming an integral part of the Turkish empire. The governor general was appointed by the porte subject, to the approval of the treaty powers.

## The London Times' View.

London, Sept. 19.—Mr. Gladstone's manifesto was unexpected and was a surprise to his friends. Only summaries of the manifesto reached the continental newspapers and the matter was not made the subject of comments by them. The *Times* says: "Mr. Gladstone adds no new or doubtful doctrines to the liberal creed, and he will, therefore, satisfy the moderates, if unexciting, the manifesto is sufficiently comprehensive. The far reaching dream of the withdrawal of the British from Egypt and the perfect independence of England in European politics has led to many errors and is destined to lead to many more. On all pressing questions Mr. Gladstone takes a moderate view and is equally careful not to discourage the radicals by shutting the door to their project."

## For Their Own Good.

London, Sept. 19.—The *Times* to-day commenting on Mr. Gladstone's manifesto, says: "The important fact for the moment whatever discussion may occur, about the details of the document is that Mr. Jas. Chamberlain and Mr. Geo. Goschen appear willing, for the sake of harmony among the liberals, to take refuge under Mr. Gladstone's umbrella."

## The Bulgarian Army Mobilized.

Sofia, Sept. 19.—The Bulgarian army has been mobilized and a corps has been sent to the Roumelian frontier. Prince Alexander has proceeded to Philippopolis and has appointed M. Strasky as commissioner. M. Strasky is now president of the Roumelian provisional government.

## The Spanish Stick to It.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—Reports say it was announced at the cabinet council yesterday that the Spanish had occupied Yap and the Spanish man of war Valiant will replace the Velasco, which has been selected to carry stores to that station.

## The Deaths Increasing.

Rome, Sept. 19.—During the past twenty-four hours 224 new cases of cholera and 169 deaths were reported in Palermo, a large increase over the preceding twenty-four hours.